

# The Daily Gazetteer.

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THURSDAY, AUGUST 30, 1744.

Frankfort, August 26.



IS Imperial Majesty's Ministers are extremely busy here in preparing, for the View of the Publick, a new Manifesto, in Support of the Treaty of Union, and setting forth all the Injuncts and Outrages which has been sustained by his Majesty, from the House of Austria, since the War began; which

is immediately to be laid before the Dyet of the Empire, and afterwards before the States of the respective Circles, in order, if it be possible, to excite them all to support of his Imperial Majesty. This Scheme, which at first was treated as a Chimera, appears now to be the favourite Design of the Court; in Support of which, Ministers are, or will be sent to every Court in the Empire, but particularly to that of Dresden; some of the Ministers of which are known to be extremely well affected to the Emperor. Yet it is very much doubted whether this Negotiation will be effectual; especially, if there be any Truth in what is reported, that the Court of Vienna has lately offered his Polish Majesty to compromise Matters in Italy, and to renew the Treaty of Neutrality with the King of the Two Sicilies. The News of his most Christian Majesty's Recovery was extremely welcome here; and publick Rejoicings were made by all the well-affected to the Emperor. It is reported, that when that Prince was at the world, he directed a Message to be sent to the Dauphin, importing it to be his last Command, that he should support the Emperor to the utmost, and not think of laying down his Arms, till the Emperor was restored to his Hereditary Countries, and had received a Compensation for his Pretensions on the Austrian Succession.

English, August 29. The French are extremely active in this Country, notwithstanding our Superiority, and our Army living at Discretion in their Country. A few Days ago they carried off from the Road near our Camp, several Waggon laden with Butter, and other Provisions, for this City; and are doing us such good Turns as these every Day. The Count de Saxe has alarmed us so often by his Attempts on Oudenarde, that it has been thought requisite to reinforce the Garrison; and it is believed we shall speedily send thither another Reinforcement. As soon as that General was informed that the Duke of Artemberg had demanded Contributions in the District of Lilloe, he said, Very well, the Allies are welcome to what they get there; I shall carry in the same to Ghent, and expect as speedy Payment. It is, however, certain, that to complete his Army, he has enlisted all the Garisons; that of Lilloe itself, before the arrival of our Army in its Neighbourhood, consisting of 1500 Men. All the young Officers in the Army are charmed with him; but some of the old ones, who served under the Duke of Vendome, and the Marquis de Saxe, censure his Conduct extremely; and even proceed to say, that if the Duke of Artemberg's Orders had been complied with, on the last long March, Lilloe had been taken. His Highness' Scheme was, that all the Grenadiers in the Army, with the Hussars, and first Line of Horse, should have marched all Night, so as to have appeared before the City in the Morning; when the second Line of the Army would have been but 14 Miles behind them, and consequently, too near for the French to have attempted throwing in any Reinforcement.

Hague, September 1. As I have no real News to send you, beyond what you will find in the Packet I have already sent up, I lay hold of this vacant Hour to inform you of a Transaction, some time past indeed, but so little known, and of such high Importance, that I am persuaded you will think it well worth your Notice. In short, I am able to oblige you with an authentick Account of Count Walsen's last Negotiation; upon which, you know, the Fate of Europe was thought to depend. His Excellency arrived at Arras on the 20th of July, and the same Evening a Conference with the principal Persons in the French Ministry; who discoursed only on Affairs in general, the Miseries of War, and the Difficulty of making a good Peace; but in such a Manner, that his Excellency, perceiving that he had made a Journey to no Purpose; and that for any Success his Negotiation was like to meet with, he might just as well have staid at Home. However, he demanded, in pursuance of his Instructions, an Audience of the King himself; which was fixed for the next Day. At this Audience he informed his Majesty, that he should be extremely glad to hear the Points which his Majesty thought might serve for the Foundation of a solid Peace; and that it was with in-

finite Concern he saw his Majesty's Forces employed in the Attack of the Barrier of the States; to which the King, in a quicker Tone than usual, answered, Mr. Ambassador, I have long expected Propositions which might pave the Way to a good Peace, from your Masters; and I wonder they did not make them, when so often solicited thereto by my Ministers. As to your Barrier, the Towns which compose it, should certainly have been put on the Foot of neutral Places; but when your Masters thought proper to turn them into a high Road for attacking France, a Thing which France never demanded, or expected, in her Favour against the House of Austria, there can be Cause for being surpris'd at the Behaviour of my Troops. A French Minister having said, at this Conference, That if the Ambassador had nothing to propose, by Way of Satisfaction, to the Allies of France, it would be impossible to enter into a Negotiation; his Excellency immediately concluded the Conference, by saying, That since there were no farther Hopes of Peace, and one Town was attack'd after another, of the Barrier, a Minister from their High Mightinesses could have no Business there; but that, in the midst of so many disagreeable Events, the King's Reception the King has given him, was his only Consolation; to which the King replied, bowing; Mr. Ambassador, your Person is indeed infinitely agreeable to me; and I shall be heartily sorry if your Instructions oblige you to leave my Court suddenly.

## IRELAND.

Dublin, August 21. Last Week died Samuel White, Esq; an eminent Attorney, and Seal Bearer to his Excellency the Lord High Chancellor; a Gentleman of an exceeding good Character.

Last Sunday the Right Rev. Dr. Barnard, Bishop of Raphoe, and the Right Rev. Dr. Downes, Bishop of Leighlin and Fernes, were Consecrated at St. Michael's Church, by his Grace the Lord Primate, assisted by the Bishops of Kildare and Downe. A very excellent Sermon, suitable to the Occasion, was preach'd by the Rev. Dean Brocas.

Early last Sunday Morning, the William Smith, laden with Coals, of and from Whitehaven, was put on the North Bull by Strefs of Weather, and is since drove near the Red Rock, without the Bur of Sutton, under Howth. The Ship's Deck is blown up by the Air and Water therein; but it is hoped, if the Weather proves favourable, she may yet be got off into Safety. The Men were all saved; but lost all their Clothes, &c. being washed overboard.

Last Friday died of a Fever, at the Mayoralty House in Dawson-street, the Right Hon. David Tew, Esq; Lord Mayor of this City; and the next Day his Corpse was privately inter'd in St. James's Church.

On the 21st Instant Alderman William Aldrich was elected Mayor of this City.

## Epigram on TAR-WATER.

Who dares deride what pious Clayne has done?  
The Church shall rise, and vindicate her Son;  
She tells us, All her Bishops Shepherds are;  
And Shepherds heal their rotten Sheep with Tar.

## The Husbandman's Prayer.

THOU Great Creator of this Earth,  
That gav'st to every Seed its Birth;  
By whom our Fields with Show'rs are blest,  
Regard the Husbandman's Request.

I'm going now to till my Ground,  
And scatter there my Seed around;  
Which I no more expect to see,  
Unless thy Blessing sows with me.

In vain our Seed around we throw,  
In vain we harrow where we sow;  
Unless thou dost our Labours bless,  
And give the Grain a due Increase.

Not One of all my Barn Supplies,  
Will ever from the Ridges rise,  
Unless thy Blessing does pervade  
The bury'd Corn, and shoot the Blade.

Let then thy Blessing, Lord, attend  
On all the Labours of my Hand:  
That I with Joy may reap, and mow,  
A rich return from what I sow.

Open the Windows of the Sky,  
And show'r down Blessings from on High:  
With Fat of Earth the Seed sustain,  
And raise a Spear from every Grain.

Let not our Sins, thy Vengeance move,  
To turn our Heav'n to Brim above;  
Or harden into Ice our Earth,  
And o'er our Fields to spread a Dearth.  
But pour, in Season, on the Grain,  
The former and the latter Rain;  
And in Proportion due supply  
The needful Change of Wet and Dry.  
Forbid the Vermin to devour;  
Forbid the Mildew's blasting Show'r;  
Forbid the Tempest to destroy  
My growing Crop, and promisc' Joy.  
Crown with thy Goodness, Lord the Year,  
And let thy Blessing round appear;  
Let Vails be cloth'd with Grass and Corn,  
And Hills let various Flocks adorn.  
Give to the Sons of Men their Bread,  
Let Beasts with fatt'ning Grass be fed:  
All Things in plenty, Lord, provide,  
That all our Wants may be supply'd.  
Give us a Plenty, Lord, we pray,  
From Fields of Corn, from Meads of Hay;  
Of Fruits from Orchards grafted Stocks;  
Of Milk from all the milky Flocks.  
Thus, Lord, vouchsafe to bless our Land,  
And every Work we take in Hand;  
That so with lifted Hands we may  
Return Thee Praises Night and Day.

## HOME PORTS.

Lancaster, August 15. Arrived the Sarah, Bennison, and the Sea Flower, Dodgson, both from Riga.

Liverpool, August 25. Arrived the Old Noll Privateer, and has brought in with her the Thurlow Privateer, with a Vessel the Thurlow has taken, and likewise a Hamburg Vessel.

Falmouth, August 23. Wind W. Arrived the Expedition Packet, Ches, from Lisbon.

Falmouth, August 25. Wind W. Yesterday failed the Duke of Cornwall Privateer, Captain Catwell, on a Cruise.

Fool, August 25. Wind W. S. W. Sailed the John and Anne, Rogers, and the Thomas and Eliza, Henning, to wait Convoy at Spithead for London. Came in the Restoration, Davis, from Torkey, and the Captain, Farrier, from Portsmouth, to load Corn for No 10 Yarmouth. Remains the Mulley, Durell, for Philadelphia.

Southampton, August 28. Wind W. Since my last arrived the Elizabeth, Messervy, from Jersey. Sailed the Rachel, Galloen, for Jersey; and the Prime Minister Privateer, Capt. John Morecock, on a Cruise.

Portsmouth, August 28. Yesterday Evening came to Spithead the Gramus Sloop of War, Capt. Littlejohn, from the Downs.

Dover, August 28. Just arrived his Majesty's Ships Hector and Sutherland, from St. Helena, with the following India Ships; viz. the Harrington, Fowler, and the Haelingfield, Haldane, both from China; the Princess Amelia, Martin, from Fort St. George; the Princess of Wales, Harry, from Bombay; the Heathcote, Cape, and the Exeter, Weston, both from Coast and Bay; and the Royal Guardian, Benson, from Bencoolen. They left St. Helena the 25th of June, and bring Advice, that the Duke, Hindman, the Warwick, Misson, the Salisbury, Burrows, and the Montfort, Hanflapp, all sailed by St. Helena the 16th of May, without stopping, and were gone North about. It is said no more Ships would be dispatched from the East Indies this Year.

Deal, August 28. Wind S. W. This Morning arrived the Grafton Man of War from Portsmouth, and remain with the Merlin Sloop, the Good Samaritan Tender, the Salamander Privateer, and the Outward-bound as per last. Came down the Golden Fleece, Compton, for Exeter; and the Antigua Packet, Lefley, for Antigua.

Gravesend, August 28. Passed by the Westmoreland, Bron, from Jamaica; the Lady Mary, Baker, from Steten; and the Ruby, the Salamander's Prize, from St. Domingo.

## LONDON.

This Day there will be a Board of Treasury at the Cockpit, for the first Time, since their Lordships Adjournment.

His Grace the Duke of Montague, Master-General of the Ordnance, has order'd 23 Bombardiers, from Woolwich, to be sent to the Garrison of St. John's, in Newfoundland; in order to erect a Battery of 20 Cannon, to protect the Fishery there; and this Day they are to embark, and have six Months Pay advanced to each of them.

